

دولة الكويت

وزارة التربية

الإدارة العامة لمنطقة الأحمدى التعليمية

التوجيه الفني للغة الإنجليزية

امتحان الصف التاسع – الفترة الدراسية الأولى 2025 / 2024

الزمن: ساعتان

المجال الدراسي: اللغة الإنجليزية

مكونات الامتحان (المفردات – الاستيعاب المقروء – القواعد – التعبير الكتابي)

Total Marks (60)I. Reading (30 Marks)A) Vocabulary (14 Marks)

14

a. From a, b, c and d, choose the most suitable word that best completes each of the following sentences: (4 x 2 = 8 Marks)

01. The Kuwait book fair usually starts in November.

a. cracked b. hard-packed c. monsoonal d. **annual**

02. Scientists their experiments to record their results.

a. accompany b. **document** c. rush d. convert

03. of being busy all the time, she is able to make time for her family.

a. Seriously b. Obviously c. **Regardless** d. Devotedly

04. The desert is a harsh where only a few plants and animals can survive.

a. expedition b. **habitat** c. gratitude d. novelist

b. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below: (4 x 1½ = 6 Marks)

(catastrophe / reputation / depends on / peninsula / embark on)

05. She hopes to **embark on** a travel adventure through South Africa.

06. Your ability to pass a test **depends on** how well you prepare for it.

07. The city is located on a beautiful **peninsula**, with water on three sides.

08. The flood was a **catastrophe** that affected many families and homes in India.

B) Reading Comprehension (16 Marks)

16

Read the following passage, then answer the questions that follow:

The toothbrush is something most people use every day, but it has a long history. The first toothbrushes were not like the ones we use today. In 3000 BC, people in ancient Egypt and Babylon used sticks to clean their teeth. These were called "chew sticks" and were an early kind of the toothbrush.



In the 7th century, a new kind of toothbrush was invented in China. **It** was made using animal hair for the brush and bone or bamboo plant for the handle. This design was more **effective** but wasn't widely used outside of China for many years.

The toothbrush became more popular in Europe during the 17th century. People improved the design, and by the 20th century, a big change happened. In 1938, the first toothbrush with nylon brush was created. This new toothbrush was cleaner, easier to make, and stronger than those made with animal hair.

Long time ago, Muslims used a natural toothbrush called Miswak. It is made from a tree known as the Arak tree. The Miswak has been used for centuries and is valued for its ability to clean teeth and promote oral hygiene. It contains natural ingredients, which help to keep teeth healthy.

Today, toothbrushes come in many shapes and sizes. Some are electric, while others are manual. But their purpose remains the same: to keep our teeth clean and healthy. The toothbrush has changed a lot over time, but it is still an important part of daily life.

a. From a, b, c and d, choose the best answer: (6x 2= 12 Marks)09. The **best title** of the passage could be:

- a. Electric Toothbrushes
- b. Ancient Egypt and Babylon
- c. The Nylon Brush
- d. **The Story of the Toothbrush**

10. The underlined word " **effective**" in paragraph (2) is closet in meaning to:

- a. toxic
- b. ethnic
- c. **useful**
- d. funny

11. The underlined pronoun " **It** " in paragraph (2) refers to:

- a. **toothbrush**
- b. China
- c. kind
- d. century

12. Miswak is a natural toothbrush made from :

- a. Egyptian sticks.
- b. the bamboo plant.
- c. **the Arak tree.**
- d. animal hair.

13. Before 1938 the toothbrushes were:

- a. made with nylon brush.
- b. electric.
- c. easier and cleaner.
- d. **not strong enough.**

14. The **purpose** of the writer in writing this passage is to:

- a. show how to use a toothbrush properly.
- b. **tell the reader how the toothbrush developed over time.**
- c. compare between the manual and electric toothbrushes.
- d. explain the different types of toothbrushes used China.

b. Answer the following questions: (2 x 2= 4 Marks)

15. What were the earliest toothbrushes called?

They were called chew sticks.

16. Why has the Miswak been used and valued for centuries?

Because it is a natural toothbrush. /

Because of its ability to clean teeth and promote oral hygiene./

Because it contains natural ingredients.

Any reasonable answer is to be accepted.

II - Writing (30 Marks)

A) Grammar (14 Marks)

14

a. From a, b, c and d, choose the correct answer: (4×2=8 Marks)

17. My brother on his project since morning.

- a. **has been working** b. worked c. works d. will work

18. The man arrived late to the meeting had a car accident.

- a. where b. which c. **who** d. whose

19. This boy over there seems so hungry. I him some food.

- a. have bought b. was buying c. **will buy** d. buy

20. We many historical places during summer vacation last year.

- a. can visit b. are visiting c. visit d. **visited**

b. Do as required: (3×2=6 Marks)

21. The mechanic is fixing my car right now.

(Change into passive)

My car is being fixed (by the mechanic) right now.

22. Talal Al-Rumaidi received the State Award in 2010.

(Ask a question)

When did Talal Al-Rumaidi receive the State Award?

Who received the State Award in 2010?

What did Talal Al-Rumaidi receive in 2010?

23. My mother likes to eat spicy food.

(Make negative)

My mother doesn't like to eat spicy food.

B: Writing 16 Marks

16

Volunteers do not necessarily have the time: they have the heart.

Plan and write a report of two paragraphs (not less than 12 sentences)
about **the importance of volunteering to the community** and
the different ways people can volunteer.

(N.B: Writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion)

Rubrics for Checking writing:

Planning	Exposition of ideas and coherence	Paragraphing and number of sentences	Grammar	Spelling	Handwriting	Punctuation	Total
2	7	2	1	2	1	1	16

- Off point topics receive zero
- 2 marks to be deducted from the total mark for changing the format.

انتهت الأسئلة